

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXI - NUMBER 45.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

FORD'S PEACE PARTY

The Journey Through German Territory

J. E. Jones.

Eight weeks ago Mrs. Jones and I started for Europe as members of the Ford Peace Party, aboard the good ship *Oscar II*. My part in the movement has been quite negligible; but in my individual capacity I have written a great deal, the most of which, when analyzed, becomes a plain travel story. It has been a pleasure, when I could, to recount the progress of the expedition, and tell how it has risen above the difficulties which threaten to engulf it, and to do what lay within its power to promote the interests of peace and bring an end to the war. I am convinced that the great cause of Peace and Humanity has been materially benefited by the Ford Peace Party. I base this opinion on the belief that we accomplished the things for which the expedition was planned.

The popular pilgrimage that left New York on December 4th was intended to advertise peace; to create public sentiment in the neutral countries, and to disband after perfecting a permanent organization at The Hague. All these aims have been accomplished. Now we are on the way home to resume life's regular work. But we shall wish and pray for the success of the permanent organization at The Hague.

One of the designs in the planning of the Ford Peace Pilgrimage was to startle people. Illustrious peace workers reasoned that the quiet and more orderly methods had failed to attract the attention of the world. Something unusual appeared to be desirable, and so the Peace Ship expedition was brought forward. The newspapers treated the enterprise with ridicule, and the sheep who follow the headlines added to the din. Some of the newspapers sent their representatives on the Peace Ship, and in turn they sent back the most sensational reports they could conjure. I will agree to the charge that we suffered in consequence of some unwise leadership, and part of the selections were made by Mr. Ford, while others were evidently self appointed. Everything moved so swiftly that grievous mistakes were made; and there was a lamentable lack of democracy in the proceedings. Madam Rosika Schwimmer, a brilliant woman with a great sincerity of purpose, but with a misunderstanding of American ways, dominated the party, and was doubtless responsible for most of the acts of rebellion among the members. The instances of discontent that resulted were not important, but they afforded the opportunity the newspaper wolves desired, and by aid of the wireless, and in conversation with foreign newspaper people, they scattered their poison and libel. One gentle rowdy represented a New York newspaper that is notorious on two continents on account of the misinformation it has injected into news of the war. When we were arriving in our first port in Norway a boat came out to meet us, and a distinguished looking gentleman stood in the bow. The newspaper correspondent had projected himself as far forward as he could in our ship and proceeded to yell over and over again the Norwegian word, "skoll!" which he had learned to use in holding his numerous drinks. This was the first greeting from the Peace Ship to Europe. Is it any wonder that the Norwegians looked over carefully before landing us their cooperation; particularly in view of the further fact that as soon as the Norwegian newspaper men came on board the "Journalist" mentioned, and other New York writers, took them in tow before they could reach Mr. Ford's cabin, and pumped them full of malicious misinformation. At the German frontier, in the presence of the German officers, the same newspaper man I have mentioned above, picked a needless quarrel with another correspondent, at the risk of causing embarrassment to the whole party. Such instances were common, and are only cited to illustrate the attitude of a very few journalists. Unfortunately these were the men who were covering the story by wireless. Undoubtedly there was a premeditated attempt before the *Oscar II* sailed from New York to discredit the work for peace. No expedition ever was more misrepresented, and in consequence more misunderstood.

Notwithstanding every difficulty, the firm, honest intent that gave birth to the enterprise, remained with nearly everyone and formed their purpose to

GOULD'S ACADEMY

School closed March 10 for a ten days' vacation.

Miss Nellie Whitmore of the Academy faculty is spending her vacation in Waterville.

Mrs. Bessie Sloan has returned to Holden Hall after an absence of five weeks on account of illness.

Mr. John Chase of Blodgett and Miss Richmond of Byron will remain at Holden Hall during the short spring recess.

A new hard wood floor is being placed in the small recitation room, so called. The work is being done by Mr. Fred Clark.

Mr. Harold W. Rand, who was granted leave of absence during the winter term, will resume his duties as Sub-Master at the Academy with the opening of the spring term. Mr. Parker B. Stinson, who has been substituting for Mr. Rand, has returned to his home in Winslow.

The class parts of the senior class of Gould's Academy have been assigned as follows:

Salutatory—Harold Chapman. Valedictory—Ermine Rabideau. Class History—Hazel Arno. Class Prophecy—Helen Abbott. Class Oration—George Mundt.

Address to Undergraduates—

James Hayford Presentation of Class Gift to School— Ruth Elliott.

Presentation of Gifts to Class— Florence Chapman.

Class Will—Benson Norton.

Ode—Anson Kendall.

ISAAC S. MORRILL.

Isaac S. Morrill, well known as a citizen and business man of Bethel since his return from Mill Hill.

Mr. Morrill was born in Raymond, Maine, Jan. 21, 1840. A part of his early life was spent in Albany but for thirty-three years he has been a resident of Bethel, and for twenty-four years in the house where he died.

For thirty-nine years he has been interested in the lumber business, the greater part of that time owning and managing the mills on Mill Brook which last year became a part of the Bethel Inn property and have since been torn down.

Nov. 19, 1870, he married Miss Letona M. Coburn of Albany, who after these many years of happy and helpful home life, was able to minister to him in the months of failing health and the pain and weakness of the final sickness.

His three children all live in Bethel: Mrs. Frank P. Abbott, Mrs. Leila Brown and Aurora M. Morrill. Besides these there are seven grandchildren, a brother and four sisters to mourn his loss. The brother, David S., is a resident of Rhode Island. The sisters are Mrs. Sarah Mills of Norway; Mrs. S. M. Colburn of Bethel; Mrs. Mary W. Ferron of Rhode Island, and Mrs. Margaret Sanborn of South Dakota.

Mr. Morrill has been a man of high character and business standing, a hard worker when his health permitted, a useful citizen. He has long been a regular attendant at the Methodist church and since 1891 has been enrolled as a member, for the most of that time serving also in some official capacity.

The funeral service will be at the home on Friday at 10 A. M. The burial will be in Mason.

REGISTERED PUPILS.

In the County of Oxford.

According to figures given out at the office of the superintendent of schools there are in Oxford County 6,482 pupils registered in the common schools of which number 3,335 are boys and 3,148 are girls, the average daily attendance for the past year was 5,107 and the average length in days of the school year was 105.

The following table shows the number of pupils registered, the average daily attendance and the average length in days of the school year for the towns and plantations of Oxford County:

Albany, 114 78 120
Andover, 133 118 185
Bethel, 329 243 164
Brownfield, 163 111 121
Buckfield, 182 135 150
Byron, 37 20 170
Canton, 179 142 180
Dennmark, 87 77 135
Dixfield, 203 159 150
Fryeburg, 218 176 172

CHAPMAN CONCERT

Best Concert Ever Given

We keep thinking every year that Prof. Chapman has given us the best concert he ever will but he always comes around the next year with something a little better. And this year was no exception.

The Criterion Male Quartette was certainly all that he claimed it would be and a little more. With voices blending perfectly and each man an artist they held the audience enthralled, and all were of the same opinion that it was the best quartette they had heard.

Especially effective was Mr. Chapman's "Dreamland," and for the encore the piece was repeated with Director Chapman at the piano. "The Sandman," a soothie negro lullaby by Protheroe and the gay "rub-a-dub" of "The Little Red Drum" were great favorites and were followed by "Little Cotton Dolly," as an encore. Then there were Dudley Buck's "Hark! the Trumpet," and "Twilight," and a drinking song and to wind up, a humorous son, "Sally King," given with much drollery, and a Scotch song, with happy accompaniment, original with the quartette, which made a big hit and was repeated.

The solo parts were well received and stamped the men as the true artists they are.

Miss Florence Austin, the violinist was well remembered from last year and added to her many admirers by her graciousness and the artistic rendering of her selections. It is safe to say that she will always be a favorite in Bethel.

We all know what an addition Prof. Chapman is and it is no use to say anything about his accompaniments or the little speech that he always makes. Bethel is truly proud of him and glad to claim him as a citizen, for he has done more to put Bethel on the map than any other one person.

PROGRAM.

Hark! the Trumpet, Dudley Buck

Criterion Quartette.

Beloved It is Morn, Alyward

Mr. John Young.

Paraphrase on Faust, Gounod-D'Alard

Miss Florence Austin.

Dreamland, Chapman

Criterion Quartette.

A Song of Steel, Spross

Mr. Donald Chalmers.

(a) The Swan, Saint Saens

(b) Hejje Kat!, Hubay

Miss Florence Austin.

(c) Sandman, Protheroe

(d) Drum, Gibson

Criterion Quartette.

Parted, Tosti

Horatio Rench.

(a) Menet, Boecherini-Musin

(b) Valse de Concert, Musin

Miss Florence Austin.

Twilight, Dudley Buck

Criterion Quartette.

Fantaisie on a Theme of Hayden, Leonard

Miss Florence Austin.

"Humorous Selections," Criterion Quartette.

Gilead, 23 17 145

Grafton, 6 2 133

Greenwood, 160 140 146

Hanover, 26 19 163

Hartford, 117 79 155

Holton, 142 91 159

Izram, 128 123 186

Lovell, 120 87 140

Mason, 14 7 139

Mexico, 541 468 175

Newry, 40 26 149

Norway, 440 353 179

Oxford, 176 144 170

Paris, 587 475 170

Peru, 151 121 170

Porter, 159 113 142

Roxbury, 64 45 143

Ramford, 1,299 1,009 186

Stoneham, 61 45 143

Stow, 42 22 165

Summer, 162 111 130

Swedes, 69 48 132

Upton, 37 29 145

Waterford, 156 122 148

Woodstock, 155 109 130

Plantations, Returns incomplete

Lincoln, 21 18 180

Milton, 39 24 139

Totals, 6,482 5,107 163

GRANGE NEWS

CANTON GRANGE

Canton Grange had a poultry day Saturday, with a good attendance. The first and second degrees were conferred on four candidates. An appetizing dinner was served, several visitors being present. After music by the choir and a piano duet, Mrs. Helen Mitchell gave a paper on poultry. A piano solo by Mrs. W. F. Roberti was followed by a talk on poultry by Mrs. Estella C. Briggs. Herbert M. Tucker, who was the speaker of the day, gave a good talk on the subject. The meeting closed with singing.

BETHEL GRANGE

Notwithstanding the very bad traveling last Thursday evening Bethel Grange held their regular meeting. There were a goodly number present after the business session the Graces served refreshments of sandwiches, cake and coffee, followed by a social hour. The following literary program was prepared:

Roll Call, Clippings

Opening Song, Grange Choir

Topic, "How shall we improve on Grange during the coming year?" Discussed by all

Reading, Ida Packard

Song, Bernice Spearin

Discussion, "What can we do to make each member feel his responsibility to the Lecturer?" Opened by our Worthy Master, followed by others.

Reading, Marie Brown

Closing Piece, Choir

NOTICE.

I wish to announce to the people of Bethel and vicinity that I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and repair work at a reasonable price, also sheet metal work. All work carefully and promptly attended to.

ALBERT BURKE,

Bethel, Maine.

Telephones—Shop, 10-12; Res., 29-7

COLLIE PUPS FOR SALE.

I have three very nice Collie pups, 3 months old, which I will sell for \$5.00 apiece.

ELDEN C. MILLS,

R. F. D. 4, Bethel, Maine.

3-2-31-p. Tel. 28-33.

NOTICE.

Mrs. Alice V. Holman wants work by the hour, day or week; she also has a nice driving horse for sale. Inquire of

F. E. BEAN, or

ADICE V. HOLMAN,

3-2-31-p. Bethel, Maine.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES, PELTS AND VEAL CALVES.

C. C. BRYANT,

Bethel

NEW ENGLAND Animal Fertilizers

THE BEST FARMS

Our farms here in New England are kept in best condition. New England Animal Fertilizers will naturally keep your soil in prime condition, but they will grow more and more profitable crops every year. That's because BONE, BLOOD and MEAT is nature's real treatment for fertile soil.

Let our booklet tell you how profitable crops were grown in 1915 without poison. See our dealer or address

NEW ENGLAND FERTILIZER COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE BY FRED L. EDWARDS, Bethel, Maine.

GRAIN AND FEED

Lily White Flour

The kind the best cooks use.

GRASS SEED

WOODBURY & PURINGTON,
BETHEL, MAINE.

IRA C. JORDAN

DEALER IN

General Merchandise and Grain

BETHEL, MAINE

NOTICE.

Owing to advance in materials, prices for printing will be advanced March 31.

All orders for letterheads, bill heads, etc., received before that date will be filled at old prices.

F. B. MERRILL.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

BROWN, BUCK & CO.

Formerly THOMAS SMILEY

We are Ready for Spring

With one of the most carefully selected lines of Wash Goods, Silks and Dress Goods this store has ever shown.

40 INCH MUSLIN, 15c.

White or darker ground covered with dainty flowers, all colors.

WASH GOODS AT 25c.

Include voile, poplins, crepe, muslin, in white, colored or dainty figures, mostly 36 to 42 inch widths.

CREPE DE CHINE, 50c.

An unusually good value. Wash goods, in beautiful shades and white, also white with embroidered dots.

VOQUE PERCALES, 12 I-2c.

Many new patterns just right for house dresses, skirts or aprons.

DEVONSHIRE CLOTH, 19c.

A cloth similar to gingham, but firmer, wider and guaranteed fast color, light and dark shades.

NEW SILKS, 50c to \$2.00

This includes a wide range of weaves and shades for waists, dresses or trimmings.

Our Ready-To-Wear Department

Is fast filling up with this season's newest creations, in Suits, Coats, Skirts and Dresses for women and children.

You will find them priced very reasonably.

We have carpenters working, enlarging our Ready-to-Wear department, which will give us one-third more room when completed.

This will enable us to give you better service.

WE INVITE YOU

To make a looking trip through our store every time you are out.

NORWAY, MAINE

BETHEL AND VICINITY.

The crows are with us again.

Mrs. Frank Abbott was in Lewiston, Saturday.

Last Wednesday, C. E. Tolman was in town on business.

Miss Louise Rounds of South Paris was in town, Tuesday.

Miss Mildred Bosserman was in Portland the first of the week.

Evelyn Foster of Newry has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Eli Stearns.

Mrs. Allen of Bryant's Pond was a guest of Mr. L. L. Carver, Friday.

Mrs. F. R. Penley of West Paris was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Farwell, Friday.

Mrs. Clara Brown from Locke's Mills was a guest of Mrs. Dillison Conroy, Sunday.

Mrs. J. A. Twaddle went to Augusta last Friday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Oscar Brann.

Miss Ethel Hammons of Portland is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Skillings.

Mrs. Annie Willey has returned from Boston with all the latest styles in spring millinery.

Mrs. H. S. Purshard was a guest of her mother, Mrs. F. E. Dwinal, at Mechanic Falls, Friday.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. J. G. Purtington, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

Mrs. Mae Godwin, who has been at the C. M. G. Hospital in Lewiston, returned home, Saturday.

Our largest snow storm of the season came last Wednesday night giving us some sixteen inches or more.

Mrs. and Mrs. Pillsbury, who spent a few days with Mrs. Pillsbury's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Farwell, returned to their home at Quossooc, Friday. They carry the best wishes of many Bethel friends of the bride.

Marion Allen is visiting friends at Sunday River.

Mr. E. C. Park was in Portland on business, Monday.

Evelyn Chandler returned to her home in Norway, Friday.

The "Social Six" will meet Saturday afternoon with Mrs. Little.

Miss Edna Wight of Gilford was a guest of Miss Cleo Russell, Friday.

Several from out of town attended the Chapman concert, Friday afternoon.

Mr. Henry Austin went to So. Paris, Tuesday to serve on the grand jury.

E. P. Flint and L. E. Wight from North Newry were in town on business, Friday.

Mrs. W. J. Wheeler of So. Paris was a business visitor in town last week, Thursday.

The Alumni Social Club will meet with Mrs. Gehring, Thursday evening at 8 P. M.

The regular meeting of the Boy Scouts, Troop 1, was held Monday evening at K. Hall.

Miss Mary Cummings was called home from Stark, N. H., by the illness of Mrs. William Merrill.

Mrs. Etta Bartlett and Miss Edna Bartlett of East Bethel were guests of Mrs. John Swan, Friday.

Bethel friends are glad to hear that Mrs. G. R. Wiley has recovered sufficiently to leave the hospital.

Mrs. Henry Austin and son, Charles, are spending a few days with Mrs. Austin's father at Shelburne, N. H.

The Democratic Caucus, which was to be held last Saturday, was adjourned until next Saturday afternoon, Mar. 18.

Miss Blanche Richardson of Mechanic Falls is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Yates of West Stowarstown, N. H., were in town, Tuesday, to attend the burial of Mrs. Ada Meyers.

Judge A. E. Norick, E. C. Park, Esq., and H. H. Hastings, Esq., are attending the March term of court at So. Paris this week.

Mr. Howard Carter of So. Paris was the week end guest of his mother, Mrs. Ella Carter, whom he found somewhat improved in health.

Sunset Rebekah Lodge will hold a roll call at their next regular meeting, Monday evening, March 20. All members are requested to be present.

Mr. A. E. Morse of Shelburne, N. H., has purchased the Martha Bartlett home on Mechanic street and will move his family here in the near future.

D. D. G. M. C. Fox and D. D. G. M. F. E. Purtington went to West Paris, Saturday, to install the vice grand of the West Paris lodge of Odd Fellows.

Thursday evening, March 16, at Grange Hall, the Universalist Ladies' Circle will give an entertainment to be followed by dancing. Good music. Come and have a pleasant time.

Mrs. Ada L. Meyers died very suddenly in New York, Sunday morning, and her remains were brought to Bethel for burial, Tuesday. Mr. Munroes of New York accompanied the remains.

Mrs. John Swan visited her aunt Mary Sanborn, Saturday, it being her 90th birthday, and found her very comfortable, although still confined to her bed from a broken hip sustained last August. She was well remembered with fruit and other tokens of cheer.

Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Gehring visited Dr. and Mrs. G. H. Farnsworth in Cleveland to make the acquaintance of their new granddaughter, Suzanne Stephen Farnsworth. Mrs. Gehring was unfortunately taken seriously ill and returned to Bethel by stage of travel. She is now convalescent.

The postponed all day meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church will be held this Thursday from 9:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M., in the Men's Class Room. There will be a pleasant dinner for the ladies and their families. A joint meeting of the Home and Foreign Missionary Societies will be held at 3 o'clock at which time the mite boxes will be opened.

THE LATEST

in Lace Collars, Muslin Collars, Windsor Ties, Crepe de Chine Ties

Hamburgs, 5c a yard and up

Another lot of that
Tudisco Writing Paper and Scotland Linen

Shelf Paper in various colors

Lyon, the Jeweler

Cole Block Bethel, Maine

Park & Pollard's "Lay or Bust"

is what Gets the Eggs

Hominy Feed

For Horses and Cows

A Full Line of Stock, Dairy and Hen Feeds

PEERLESS, STOTT'S FANCY
and DIAMOND FLOUR

J. B. HAM CO., Bethel, Maine.

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The pay is greater than in most of the professions. With a table, a chair, paper and typewriter you can begin now, and you do not need to give up your present employment. Even if you do not wish to take up journalism as a profession, there is no better mental training than learning how to write.

The man or woman who writes is automatically thrown in touch with the big people who are shaping the destiny of the state and the nation, and with the big things that are taking place in the new development of the country.

The fundamentals are carefully and simply arranged in our Correspondence Course of Instruction. A Washington correspondent who has written for every class of publications during the past twenty-five years has arranged the work, and is in charge of the course. Money back if you are not satisfied.

Write today for information.

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THIS WEEK

Grape Fruit, 6c

Blood Oranges, 30c doz.

Oranges, 30-45c doz.

Lemons, 30c doz.

Bananas, 25c. doz.

Ice Cream constantly on hand.

Also a fine line of Confectionery,

Cigars and Tobacco and Soft Drinks.

BETHEL FRUIT CO.

THE HOME CIRCLE

Pleasant Reveries—A Col-

Dicated to Tired Moth-

as they Join the Hom-

Circle at Evening Tide.

WITH OUR HOME PEOPLE

Not all of us are financially able to build a house to suit us, but we all accept the building we have best possible spirit, and make it home for every member of the

The movement to affect and

the mind of the boy by pleasant

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country than in the city. Farms

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flowers, animals, all the thousand

one attractions of outdoor life

the task which confronts the

mother is of making the farm

equally attractive, equally suffi-

cient molding the life and thoughts

boy within. The farm house is

real home to the boy unless

THE HOME CIRCLE.

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

WITH OUR HOME PEOPLE.

Not all of us are financially able to build a house to suit us, but we can all accept the building we have in the best possible spirit, and make it a real home for every member of the family.

The movement to affect and mold the mind of the boy by pleasant home surroundings is one which can more easily and surely make headway in the country than in the city. Farm homes have those natural surroundings which appeal to the youthful mind, woods, flowers, animals, all the thousand and one attractions of outdoor life. But the task which confronts the farm mother is of making the farm home equally attractive, equally sufficient in molding the life and thoughts of the boy within. The farm house is not a real home to the boy unless he has a room of his own, and it is a pleasure to the mother to prepare a pleasant and attractive room for the boy, and the profit of the work is assured.

The influence of environment is strong at all times, but greatest during the early years of boyhood, when the boy responds directly to the objects and influences about him; by the surroundings the character is influenced favorably or otherwise. There is an indefinable influence which comes to a boy through feeling the possession of a room of his own, and this influence he feels quickly; boyhood is the time when the finer, sweater instincts and impulses are in bud and may be nourished or blighted by the means found within the boy's own room.

With a table, a chair, do not need to give up take up journalism as learning how to write, thrown in touch with state and the nation, new development of the boy in our Correspondent who has written for years has arranged the you are not satisfied.

In arranging a room for a boy I bear in mind that what appeals to a growing daughter will not appeal to a growing son. I think it a blessed privilege and a joy to study the individuality of the boy, and to sympathize and minister to it by giving him from early childhood some place in the home for his very own. If the house is too small to give him a room, it pays to cut off an end of any of the rooms and let him have a den, though it is small, where he can have freedom. Often I have known an attic to be made a charming room for the boy; sometimes a porch is enclosed which affords much pleasure; the important thing to the boy is that the room is his own. A boy grows more independent and develops a spirit of greater freedom than the one who has no place of his very own.

In this den personality should have full play; the boy should absolutely own his own room and make it express his likes, ambitions or ideals. I like the boy's room to be as far as possible play-proof; the boy's room should express strength without crudeness; a boy can be taught strength unconsciously from his surroundings, but while we make the room horse-play proof in material, it is not necessary for it to be ugly.

The room that has plenty of light and sunlight is a delight to the boy; a flood of light has a cheerful effect and the room should never be crowded with furniture. Homemade furniture planned by the mother's ingenuity, will give exactly the kind a boy will enjoy; not too good to be used every day by the owner, this makes the boy a king in his kingdom.

PARMENTER Animal AND POLSEY Fertilizers

NATURE'S FOODS

Farmyard manure is recognized as the best of all plant foods. Parmenter & Polsey Animal Fertilizers most nearly approach this natural fertilizer because they are made of natural foods—BONE, BLOOD and MEAT.

Parmenter & Polsey Animal fertilizers raise the most abundant crops and put the soil in its most fertile condition.

Send for our free booklet showing crop results in 1915 without potash. Meet our dealer or address

PARMENTER & POLSEY FERTILIZER COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

The best features about the boy's room are those things which are so suitable and so fitted to place and so adapted to the boy's needs that no every day use can injure them; the gift to the boy does not lie in the furnishings or the style of the room, but it lies in the full sense of ownership of everything in this room; here is a place he can bring his treasures without fear of reproof. A boy will pick up dead and alive things, which to him are important treasures, and the possession of them in peace makes him love his room. The floor may be covered by a matting rug which will cost about three dollars, or it may be painted, with small home made rugs placed here and there. For the walls the quiet patterns are better; some of the old fashioned quiet prints are pleasing; a paper with a small design in one color, quiet and unobtrusive will not become tiresome. The color for the walls should be chosen carefully, the quality is not important. I like for the boy's room tints that are light and gay and pure, a tint of a clear, bright color producing a feeling of that fresh and crisp harmony we experience when walking in a garden. Red fascinates children, but it is an exciting color and should not be used in furnishing a room. Our boy has worn nerves, sometimes, the same as mother; he is sometimes sullen, peevish or irritable without being able to give any particular reason; a light cheerful room will banish the ill temper and produce that restful feeling much more effectively and quickly than by bringing to bear on the occasion all the precepts of the sages; we are not only producing effects for temporary peace, but we are tending to build and strengthen character for the future. Colors have an effect on the nervous system even for grown persons.

No one thing in the boy's room affords such satisfaction and pleasure as the homemade bookcase and desk combined. The desk is a kitchen table, and the shelves are made of a box. The drawer in the table holds pens, pencils and paper. This is a treasure that comes at a small outlay of time and money. The boy takes great pride in adding books to his private library. The waste basket is indispensable and the boy appreciates it very much. Ours was made of a paste-board candy bucket, a present from our grocer; it is large which adds to its usefulness. It is lined inside with cambric and outside with cretonne. The work is done by pasting the goods in place.

HOME MADE BEDSPREADS.

A very inexpensive bedspread is made of white organdie; not the fine quality, but that which comes for making inside curtains for the window, and is trimmed with bands of flowered organdie showing a running design of pink roses.

One width of the white organdie is in the center and a half width is joined to each side of it by a strip of the flowered material, the work being done on a sewing machine, using a small stitch and white thread.

Each side and one end have a four-

CANTON

Miss Agnes Heald is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Alice Snell, of Isle au Haut.

E. H. York has been ill with the grip.

Mrs. Mabel Thompson of Auburn has been a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Leon M. Berry, and family.

Gustavus Hayford of Byron has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Geo. H. Johnson, and family.

Miss Ida Sampson is ill with tonsitis.

Miss Mary L. Richardson is at home from her school in Peru, ill with abscesses in the throat. She was generously remembered on her birthday, Wednesday, with cards and gifts.

Mrs. Estella Briggs attended Ponoma at West Peru, Wednesday. The next meeting will be held with Buckfield Grange.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Webber of Jay are guests of their daughter, Mrs. Oscar Dority, of Gilbertville.

Elmer Lane of Peru was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Richardson, Sunday.

Mrs. Marion A. Smith and Miss Lida Abbott are enjoying a trip to New York.

Ponemah Rebekah Lodge will confer the degree on a large class of candidates at their next meeting. Supper will be served by a committee composed of Mrs. G. L. Wallin, Mrs. Ethel Woodward and Mrs. Florence Sweet.

Chas. Dodge of Bridgton is a guest of his brother, Frank Dodge, and family.

Mrs. C. C. Rowe is ill.

Miss Ruth Fogg of Readfield is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Geo. W. Carson.

The next meeting of the Lucky Friday Club will be held with Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Adams.

Wednesday, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Luden entertained a party of relatives which included Dr. and Mrs. E. A. McCollister of Alberta, Can., Mr. and Mrs. R. E. McCollister, Mrs. Margery Wild, John McCollister and C. Fred Tripp of Canton Point.

A pleasant time was enjoyed at the Universalist parish meeting held last week at the vestry of the church. Readings were given by Prin. Donald B. Partridge, A. E. Johnson and Mrs. F. B. Woodward. A guessing contest was won by Miss Alice Merrill. Refreshments of sandwiches, fancy crackers, hot coffee, etc., were served and a social good time was had.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. C. Ellis have received word of the birth of their first grandchild, Thursday, when a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ellis of Dixfield.

Mrs. J. C. Bicknell is recovering from the grip.

Miss Eleanor Westgate attended the Chapman concert at Lewiston, Thursday evening. She was the guest of her teacher, Mrs. Florence E. Wells.

Mrs. Geo. L. Wallin has been visiting relatives in Lewiston.

M. B. Packard is able to be around the house since his recent illness.

Sweeney Wallin has been at home from Hebron Academy.

L. L. Blabec has been ill with the grip.

Mrs. Henry Nulty of Buckfield has been a guest of her daughter, Miss Alice Nulty.

Several candidates will receive the degrees at the next meeting of Evergreen Chapter, O. E. S., and refreshments served.

The Chapman concert matinee will be held at the Opera House at 1.30 P. M., March 29th.

MASON.

Mr. Gibson of West Bethel is cutting timber for D. W. Cushing.

J. A. McKenzie has finished his logging job in Albion.

Irvin Hutchinson is hauling wood to West Bethel.

It. A. Grover visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Grover, Sunday.

Jack Eagle and son, John, who are cutting timber for Eli Grover, spent the week end at their home in West Bethel.

G. D. Morrell was in town one day recently on business.

Jack McKenzie has two men cutting wood for him.

W. C. Bennett is driving team for D. W. Cushing.

MIDDLE INTERVALE.

March weather has come.
"Bluff, boisterous, joyful month;
Th' rough and rude thy ways,
A touch of summer's gentleness
Thro' all thy roughness plays,
And thro' thy storm-tossed locks catch
A glimpse of harvest days."

Mrs. W. Boaworth has returned from her stay at Mechanic Falls.

A big snow Wednesday night—Thursday breaking roads in earnest.

We expect a school here in April, to be taught by L. M. Sargent of W. Bearboro.

GROVER HILL.

Mrs. Marion Jordan from Mechanic Falls is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Maurine Tyler.

Geo. C. Mundt and Alton Hutchinson are at home for a short vacation from Gould's Academy.

Dr. E. C. Walker from Norway was called to Bethel, Saturday, to attend a sick horse at Mr. A. L. Whitman's. The horse died early Sunday morning.

Miss Ida M. Haselton is at Bethel for a while.

Mr. A. E. Shephard returned from New Gloucester last week.

Miss Gwendolyn Stearns returned from Mechanic Falls, Saturday, for a two weeks' vacation.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

CANTON

BLUE STORES

If you are open to an invitation to have your "eyes opened" at our SPRING OPENING OF NEW HEADWEAR

consider this a cordial invitation to drop around.

The New Derbies and Soft Hats

are shown in ample variety of shapes and in appropriate colors for matching your new Spring Clothes—

\$1.50 to \$5.00

We are also showing the latest styles and newest colorings in SHIRTS, HOSIERY and NECKWEAR.

And by the way—don't forget that we are headquarters for KIRSCHBAUM CLOTHES.

Suits and Top Coats, \$12 to \$22. Absolutely Pure Wool.

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY SOUTH PARIS

ONE TRIAL OF Ballard's Golden Oil

has proven to thousands its wonderful merits for all throat and lung troubles. It cuts the mucous, draws the inflammation out of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes, heals, soothes and removes the cause. Try it! Guaranteed and sold by all dealers in 25c and 50c bottles.

Our Clearance Sale

is a success as our sales always are. The reason is plain. We always have all and more than we advertise.

We are selling Women's Russian Calf Button and Lace Boots the \$4.00 grade for \$1.85. Below are the sizes and widths now in stock.

B Width 1 pr. 2 1-2, 1 pr. 3 1-2, 1 pr. 4 1-2, 2 pr. 5, 1 pr. 5 1-2.

C Width 4 pr. 2 1-2, 3 pr. 3, 1 pr. 4, 3 pr. 4 1-2, 3 pr. 5, 2 pr. 5 1-2.

D Width 2 pr. 1, 3 pr. 1 1-2, 7 pr. 2, 6 pr. 2 1-2, 2 pr. 4 1-2, 4 pr. 5, 3 pr. 5 1-2, 4 pr. 6.

E Width 2 pr. 4 1-2, 1 pr. 5 1-2, 1 pr. 6, 1 pr. 6 1-2, 2 pr. 7.

61 pairs in all and they are surely bargains.

We also have many more odd lots at the same low prices.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

Opera House Block, Tel. 38-2

NORWAY, MAINE.

Miss Maud Ellis and niece, Miss Marquita Hollis, attended the Chapman concert at Lewiston last week.

Deputy Sheriff John Briggs and Guy F. Boothby, traverse juror, are attending court at South Paris this week.

On account of the storm last Thursday the Universalist Church was held at the vestry. Tuesday of this week.

The pupils of Canton High School are planning to serve a supper and hold a fair sometime the middle of April.

Anasagunticook Lodge are making preparations to hold their annual ladies night in the near future.

Maurice Howes is confined to the bed with the grip.

John Brigg was at Jay, Friday, on business.

Mrs. W. F. Roberts and Mrs. Chas. Small attended the Chapman concert at Lewiston, Thursday evening.

Mrs. A. J. Foster has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Stubbs.

HANOVER.

Mrs. Martha Bartlett and sons entertained the Whist Club, Saturday evening. There were six tables played instead of the usual number. Mrs. May Richardson and Ray Parker won first prizes, and Mrs. Leon Roberts and Elwood Richardson, consolation prizes. Refreshments of sandwiches, doughnuts, cheese, cake and bananas were served.

Mrs. C. F. Saunders was in Rumford-Saturday.

Mrs. May Richardson had the misfortune to scald her arm one day last week. While using the teakettle the steam scalded her from her wrist to her elbow.

Mrs. S. U. Davis and son, Robert, are in Norway, visiting relatives. Glenda and Addison Saunders visited Mrs. Leon Roberts, Saturday.

S. P. Davis, who has been hauling rocks for the Rumford road, has returned home on account of the deep snow.

The roads in Hanover were broken out, Tuesday, for the first time this winter.

C. F. Saunders and family entertained the whist party at their home, Feb. 26. In spite of the rain there were 36 present and a jolly good time was enjoyed. First prizes were won by Rose Howe and Eli Stearns, second by Mrs. M. A. Holt and L. A. Roberts. Refreshments of peanuts, stuffed dates, ice cream, cake, fancy crackers and cream puffs were served.

THE ACES OF HOUSE CLEANING

The pain and soreness caused by bruises, over exertion and straining during house cleaning time are soothed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this agony. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots, rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing sleep. One grateful user writes:

"Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all Sores, Neuralgia and Bruises. Kills pain. See at your Drug-gist.

Adv.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Events of Interest from Washington.

By J. E. Jones.

COUPONS AND TOBACCO.

One of the reasons assigned for the decreasing volume of newspaper advertising by the American Tobacco Company is that the expense of trading stamps and coupons eats up the advertising appropriations, and agencies like the Frank Presbury concern in New York, while badly hurt by the conditions, appear to lack the nerve to take up the cudgels against their foes. Since Ben B. Hampton, who made a big reputation as publisher of Hampton's Magazine, ascended to the position of vice president of the American Tobacco Company, where he is regarded as the principal authority on tobacco advertising, it would appear as though reputable publications might have a real friend in the saddle; but Mr. Hampton, like the rest, appears to be under the "spell" cast over all sales propositions by trading stamp and coupon schemes; or he has concluded that these devices which are robbing the publishers of their legitimate business, are more valuable than newspaper and magazine advertising. As long as publishers depend upon the agencies to fight their battles against coupons and trading stamps, just that long will those devices grow and flourish. There is a timidity among the agencies in handling this question, superinduced by a fear of antagonizing their clients, who in turn are in position to do business direct with the publishers as a way of showing their displeasure with any agent who has the effrontery to express an opinion publicly. The evils referred to above are such as should command the attention of all publishers, and a little healthy discussion might have a due effect on advertisers and their agents. Publicity has cleared up many a bad situation, and as this is one that affects the bank account of every publisher it might be well for them to get busy and lambast the offenders. While serving themselves the publications affected could do still greater good to the public by helping to drive out the coupon evil.

THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS.

"Old inhabitants" of Washington have lived through many exciting events surrounding contests between Congress and the President, even though the issues involved may not have been of as far-reaching consequence as those that have brought about the recent test over the matter of protecting our foreign policy. In one thing the President and Congress agreed, and that is that every effort must be made to keep the country out of the European War, and maintain our place as the leading neutral nation of the world. A readjustment of international affairs is certain to follow the present lamentable condition of world affairs, and all officials, from the President down recognize that the United States is the supreme neutral power. The legislative and executive branches of the government may have all the friction that can be hatched out of a tempestuous sea of politics, but they all know that the people of the world's greatest republic have no time for jingoism; and so much of that sort of thing as has been injected into the present controversy may have served to cloud the real issues, but it is hoped, has not strengthened the personal standing of men who have built their own fortunes upon the distresses of their fellow men.

A good many people believe an ecclesiastical quarrel between Congress and the President awards the country an opportunity to get a more intimate knowledge of the actual things that are happening in their government, and at

GRAND OPENING NEXT TIME.

General Gaehde tells "for sure" that the Panama Canal will be silted up when it is reopened. This may be six months hence, or it may be a longer period; but he is certain that the canal can never be blocked again. Of course the work that is now being done should never have been finished before the canal was opened at all. Not the impatience of the American public caused the builders to take a long chance on declaring the work finished. They lost and new millions of yards of dirt are being removed in order to prevent any possibility of a further tie-up in navigation.

Write Kennedy Co., Kendall, N. Y., for free trial. Large bottles, all druggists.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, etc., Lucas County, etc.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., a firm of physicians and dentists, County and State attorneys, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of HALIBUT CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 16th day of December, 1915.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and externally. It is good for all the surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Paid by Druggists, etc.

Take this remedy daily for constipation.

The same time tend toward clearing the differences existing in the business management of the nation; and that therefore, such disputes answer a useful purpose. All this, of course, providing that the country in consequence, avoids things like war, panic, pestilence and other great evils. It is a time for people to keep cool heads, warm feet, and shipshape shoulders.

THE COME BACKS."

The National Press Club of Washington has a thousand members, all men. One half are newspaper men, and the remainder come from various fields of life. Recently an evening was given over to a program, in which the "come backs" recounted their tales. The headliner was Uncle Joe Cannon, Nicholas Longworth, the "son-in-law of the progressive party," also had a place on the program. Then there was Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas, Ebenezer Hill of Connecticut, and Representative Reddenberg of Illinois. These men come from the old republican guard, and are very instrumental in the affairs of the nation, as reflected from Capitol Hill. Not only that—they are attempting to regain control of the machinery of the party. Longworth has been groomed to succeed Representative Woods of Iowa, as Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, and it is understood that he has the backing of Representative McKinley of Illinois, who, at one time, was the big Republican leader in the Capitol.

The Republican Congressional Committee, as it exists at the present time, is supposed to be in control of the progressive members, and they assert that party unity can only be preserved through continuing them in authority. The "come backs," and others who think with them, are equally anxious to redream the party by taking its affairs in charge, and they frankly admit that one of the reasons they should do so is because they are in position to "get the dough," and fill up the campaign money bags.

The two branches of the party are as far apart as ever, but each crowd in Washington is bent on saving the party and defeating Mr. Wilson by methods that are diametrically opposite. But of course the Democrats are not all thinking alike either, and there may be some interesting happenings at the June convention, as well as thereafter. The period to be covered in these affairs will undoubtedly run till November—and no man knows what the end will be,

SEEKING TO HONOR THE MARCH KING.

One of the most wonderful organizations of the National Capital is the Marine Band. John Phillips Sousa was at one time the director, and he served brilliantly in that capacity through the term of four Presidents. After he retired, Mr. Sanleman through a special act of Congress, was given the rank of Lieutenant of Marines, and Mr. Sousa's supporters have taken the matter up before Congress and expect to secure him the same recognition. Recently the New York Hippodrome gave impetus to the movement in Mr. Sousa's behalf by giving a special performance that was designated "All American Night." Mr. Sousa has been decorated by the King of England, and many European countries honored him during his world tour.

BRANDIS AND HIS CRITICS.

There never has been a nomination of a Justice of the Supreme Court where there has been so thorough a searching of character as in the case of Mr. Brandis. The hearings before the Senate Committee have practically amounted to trials. A good many of the people who had nothing to say about Brandis, but it is hoped, has not strengthened the personal standing of men who have built their own fortunes upon the distresses of their fellow men.

A good many people believe an ecclesiastical quarrel between Congress and the President awards the country an opportunity to get a more intimate knowledge of the actual things that are happening in their government, and at

the expense of Kidney and Blood troubles by restoring right action of Stomach, Liver and Bowels, overcomes indigestion and constipation dangers (Auto-intoxication); thus Kennedy and Fletcher are added, the blood purifies. Unbeaten record of wonderful success.

Write Kennedy Co., Kendall, N. Y., for free trial. Large bottles, all druggists.

WHY NOT BUY IT IN MAINE?

PORTEOUS, MITCHELL & BRAUN CO.

PORTLAND, MAINE

We invite you
to attend our

ANNUAL STYLE SHOW

(on living models)

AT CITY HALL AUDITORIUM
Tuesday, March 21st
Afternoon and Evening.

On this occasion the new styles for Spring and Summer, 1916, as carried in our own stock, in suits, dresses, waists, shoes, and other accessories, will be demonstrated on

CHARMING YOUNG LADY MODELS
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK CITY.

In our past style shows, there were many who could not attend because of lack of seating capacity, but this season, having secured our big City Hall Auditorium, which contains upwards of three thousand good seats, we plan to accommodate a very much larger number of spectators.

All are welcome—All seats are free—No tickets are required—Two exhibitions—one in the afternoon—another in the evening. Remember the date and plan to come.

PORTEOUS, MITCHELL & BRAUN CO.,
Portland, Maine.SPRAYING POTATOES—SOME
DIFFICULTIES TO BE OVER-
COME.

The following was made public recently by Charles D. Woods, director of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station in Orono:

The potato spraying situation in Maine for the season of 1916, like the fertilizer question, has its own peculiar difficulties. Because of this the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station makes the following statement: It is not presented as a full solution of these difficulties, for the causes underlying them are beyond local control and the fact cannot be avoided that the Maine potato grower must pay more this year for protection from blight and "bugs" than ever before.

The object of the statement is to point out certain facts which, if more generally known, may prevent a waste of money and a lack of efficiency in spraying operations under the present conditions.

The chief object for spraying potatoes in Maine is to prevent blight and to control the Colorado beetle. For combating late blight and preventing the tuber-rot which follows it, freshly and properly prepared bordeaux mixture is in a class by itself. Regardless

of the extravagant claims which manufacturers of certain proprietary compounds have made in the past or are likely to make this coming season, no substitute which they have put out nor any other material yet used, which can be prepared on the farm, has stood the test when compared with bordeaux mixture in accurate field experiments.

This coming season potato growers in Maine will be tempted as never before to use these spray substitutes. The war in Europe has created enormous demands for the copper and sulphur acid that are used in making copper sulphate, which furnishes the active fungicidal agent of bordeaux mixture. As a result copper sulphate will be more expensive than it has been since it came into prominence as a fungicide, but it is not expected that the price will be prohibitive.

Even with the prospective high price of copper sulphate the Maine Station, in the light of experience here and elsewhere, does not advise potato growers to take chances by using substitutes for bordeaux mixture in spraying for late blight of potatoes. There are just two reasons for taking this position but they are important reasons. They are that these substitutes almost without exception, regardless of claims

made by manufacturers and salesmen, cost more and are relatively less efficient—sometimes nearly worthless. It is impossible to give here the facts upon which this statement is based. It may be mentioned in this connection, however, that in 1907 this station made some experiments in Foxcroft on the farm and in co-operation with Hon. A. W. Gilman, then commissioner of Agriculture, where certain paste and powder substitutes were compared with freshly and properly prepared bordeaux mixture for spraying potatoes. The average loss from using these substitutes, as compared with home-made bordeaux mixture, computed on a basis of the price of potatoes when the crop was dug, varied from \$33 to \$75 per acre.

In certain instances, notably for spraying apple orchards for scale, lime-sulphur has largely replaced bordeaux mixture as a spray. This material would provide a very easy solution of the difficulty if it would work equally as well on potatoes. All information to date relative to the value of lime-sulphur as a spray for potatoes indicates that the benefits to be derived from it are very doubtful and there is quite positive evidence that it may be actually harmful to potatoes.

Conditions in Europe have also affected the cost of insecticides, more especially paris green which contains copper as well as arsenic. Fortunately certain compounds of soda and arsenic provide a soluble poison which is relatively cheap and very efficient when used for potato "bugs." These materials under trade names have been sold and widely and successfully used in Maine particularly in Aroostook country, during the last few years.

Unlike paris green they cannot be used alone but must always be applied with bordeaux mixture. The station can furnish directions for preparing a similar material at home from white arsenic and sal soda, but it must be remembered a person doing this is handling a very active, soluble poison and great caution should be exercised to avoid the possibility of its getting into the food or drink of human beings or farm animals, particularly through later use of the vessels employed in preparing and storing it.

Because that one must grow potatoes this year without potash unusual care must be taken with the crop to prevent failure. In 1916, as never before, it becomes potato growers to:

Thoroughly prepare the seed bed. Use the best of seed, carefully selected.

Treat the seed with formaldehyde or corrosive sublimate for scale.

Cultivate frequently and well.

Spray with bordeaux mixture early and often.

The wetter the weather, the more frequent the spraying should be.

Use a poison with the bordeaux when the eggs or the Colorado beetle are found on the potato leaves.

CHAS. D. WOODS, Director.

**POULTRY BREEDING POINTS,
BY INSTRUCTOR MONAHAN.**

The most profitable pullets for the farm flocks are those which mature to lay in late October and early November. Birds of the American breeds to mature at this time must be hatched between April 15 and May 10, or thereafter. It is well to have the breeding pens mated up before the last of February in order to allow ample time to save eggs for incubation. If the first setting is made before the end of March and incubators are used, they may be refilled in time to secure another hatch by the middle of May.

WHICH HENS TO USE.

Under all conditions the first consideration in selecting birds for a breeding pen is constitutional vigor and good health. Weak chickens, those which are under standard weight, or which have ever been sick, are not fit to breed from. The next consideration is their egg production, especially the winter production of the pullet year. A trueness record is, of course, the only accurate measure of a hen's production. However, there are methods of estimating, with fair degree of accuracy, whether or not a hen has laid many eggs. The most reliable of these is the shank color of yellow legged varieties. The coloring matter in the yolk of eggs and in the bird's shank is identical, consequently, high producing pullets exhausts her body of coloring matter and her beak and shanks become faded, and furthermore, the heavier the laying has been the greater will be the amount of bleaching observed.

This point is especially useful in selecting yearly hens to retain as breeders. At this time of the year, February, the fading in pullets is not pronounced, yet in the heaviest layers it is apparent in the beak and from the loss of an orange tinge in the yellow shank coloring.

THE MALE'S IMPORTANCE.

Recent investigations have ascertained, and proved beyond doubt, that the male bird plays a part in the transmission of egg producing ability which has never been understood nor appreciated. The male constitutes one-half the flock in the factors ordinarily considered in breeding but in determining the productivity of his daughters, he is more than half—he is the whole thing. For this reason, next to constitutional vigor and good weight, the production of his dam should be considered. He should come from a high-producing hen, and to insure his ability to transmit high production to his daughters, two-thirds or more his sisters (daughters of same father) should have proven themselves good layers.

To "swap" roosters, or introduce new blood each year, does not mean progress. Better to intensify the good one has, by carefully selecting and breeding the best, than to chance the introduction of new and unknown blood.

FEEDING THE BREEDERS.

Experience indicates that reducing animal food to a minimum improves the hatching quality of eggs. The Maine Station now uses the following dry mix during the breeding season: 200 lbs. bran, 100 lbs. corn meal, 100 lbs. feed flour, 50 lbs. meat scraps, 50 lbs. bone meal.

In addition to this mask the regular scratch grain is fed. It consists of one pint cracked corn and one pint wheat and oats mixed, to each dozen birds. Furthermore, they are supplied with plenty of green food, especially sprouted oats.

SIZE OF PEN.

With the American breeds high fertility is usually secured when eight to 12 females are used with one male. It is best to wait a week or 10 days after mating a pen before saving eggs for hatching.

CARE OF EGGS.

Eggs for hatching should not be held much over three weeks. During this time they ought to be kept out of draughts and in a cool place which is not too damp. Probably the most convenient means of handling them is in an egg case. Each day's gathering of eggs is put into the filter, big end up, and the case is then turned on its side.

Each succeeding day, as eggs are put in, the case is turned to its other side. In this way the eggs always rest on their sides, and are well protected from draughts and changing temperatures by the insulation afforded by the filter of the case.

ALCOHOL AND PNEUMONIA.

The United States Public Health Service brands strong drink as the most efficient ally of pneumonia. It declares that alcohol is the bane of the disease which produces ten per cent of

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS & NEGLECTED MEALS
These are the penalties of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and other intestinal trouble. Relieve your rest and appetite with:

CAROL APSULES
The safest, surest, and most effective remedy for all forms of intestinal trouble. No cramps, no after effects, no after-taste. Take one tablet.

Trial size 36c.
Ell Sykes, Distributor, 29 & 26 Murray St., N. Y.1864 1916
Lyde, Shaler Co.
BOSTON
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WANT YOUR FARM PRODUCTS

Eggs, Live and Dressed Poultry,
Veal, Apples and Potatoes.

Prices, shipping tags, dressing, packing and shipping instructions, etc., sent free.

—THE—
MAINE REGISTER
1915-16 EDITION
ISSUED AUGUST 1st

It contains more information of value to Business and Professional Men of Maine than any other Reference Book.

PUBLISHED ANNUALLY SINCE 1870.

Price, \$2.00 Postpaid

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PUBLISHER
390 Congress Street
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Winter Tours
CALIFORNIA

FEB. 16—Grand Canyon, California,
Apache Trail, New Orleans, etc.

MARCH 3—Washington, Chattanooga, Mardi Gras, Apache Trail, California, Colorado, etc.

FEB. 29—Mardi Gras Tour.
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Forest and Municipal Engineering
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BETHEL, ME.
Marble & Granite * * *
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Chas. Design.

Letters of Inquiry promptly answered.
See our work.

Get our prices.
E. E. WHITNEY & CO., Satisfaction Guaranteed.



QUARRIES, FACTORY LOCATIONS, MILL SITES, FARMS,
SITES FOR SUMMER HOTELS
AND CAMPS.

Located on the line of the
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD
give opportunity to those desiring to
make a change in location for a
new start in life.

UNDEVELOPED WATER POWERS
UNLIMITED RAW MATERIAL
AND
GOOD FARMING LAND

Await development.

Communications regarding locations
are invited and will receive attention
when addressed to any agent of the
MAINE CENTRAL, or to

INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

SAINT PAUL FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY, SAINT
PAUL, MINNESOTA.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1915.

Real Estate, \$235,774.34
Mortgage Loans, 1,170,030.00
Stocks and Bonds, 8,305,205.71
Cash in Office and Bank, 690,393.75
Agents' Balances, 1,173,132.75
Bills Receivable, 51,531.62
Interest and Rents, 81,667.67
All other Assets, 45,669.35

Gross Assets, \$11,664,103.22

Deficit Items not admitted, 313,502.81

Admitted Assets, \$11,320,700.41

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1915.

Net Unpaid Losses, \$728,092.93

Unearned Premiums, 5,471,273.01

All other Liabilities, 230,537.23

Cash Capital, 1,020,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 3,370,157.17

Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$11,320,710.41

3-16-31-P.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INS.
CO., LTD., LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

ARRETS DEC. 31, 1915.

Real Estate, \$300,000.00

Stocks and Bonds, 5,923,820.83

Cash in Office and Bank, 686,429.16

Agents' Balances, 591,312.07

Bills Receivable, 1,849.43

Interest and Rents, 53,760.58

All other Assets, 200,000.00

Gross Assets, 45,159,687.70

Deficit Items not admitted, 497,632.78

Admitted Assets, \$11,662,664.02

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1915.

Net Unpaid Losses, \$1,188,065.20

Treasured President, 2,753,082.75

All other Liabilities, 65,631.17

Deposit Capital, 800,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,457,320.43

Surplus as regards Policy Holders, 1,837,230.43

Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$1,684,085.62

3-16-31-P.

POEMS WORTH READING

WHEN MANDY'S SICK.
Th' kitchen's mixed all upside down,
Th' stove's a-lost her blackin',
Th' floor's a sight for any clown,
With th' chleekens all a-trackin';
An' the dishes, Geel they pile up quick,
When Mandy's sick.

I hate to look inside th' butt'ry,
'At used to be so slick an' clean,
Th' things is all so sortor clutt'ry,
It makes a feller feel right mean;
An' th' dust, My! but it gets thick,
When Mandy's sick.

I hanker for a mess of greens
An' some of Mandy's pie;
I've et raw pork an' soggy beans
An' heavy bread, ill, My!
But there! I ain't a-goin' to kick,
When Mandy's sick.

I wanter see th' house slicked up
An' Mandy cookin' dinner;
It's what makes life worth livin'
To this ondeservin' sinner;
An' I'll tell you this—when Mandy's well,

I'm goin' to treat her fine,

An' keep her well, 'cause I don't want
No homekeepin' in mine.

Grace G. Bestwick.

SORROW'S FRIEND.

I think it true that cares and sorrows
bring

To us a deeper blessing than we
know;

For human hearts, by their own suffering,

This lesson learn—to feel another's
woe.

Eugene G. Dolson.

OUR NOSES.

By W. C. Smith.

If you'll only observe I am sure you
will see

People put their nose where it's no
business to be,

If you carefully look at each one you
jot down,

You will see they would run, while
they own not the town.

You may run your affairs just as well
as you can,

And some crank will suggest a more
excellent plan,

Which would wreck you at once, while
it shows you that he

Wants to put his nose where it's no
business to be.

If each one their own business would
only attend,

We would then know who was not and
who was a friend,

What a world this would be—if only
that we

Kept our noses from where they've no
business to be.

*** *** ***

CHIMNEY-TOPS.

By "Marian Douglas," Mrs. Annie
Douglas (Green) Robinson.

Ah! the morning is gray;

And what kind of a day

Is it likely to be?

You must look up and see

What the chimney-pots say.

If the smoke from the mouth
Of the chimney goes south,

It's the country of snows;

Look out for rough weather

The cold and the north wind

Are always together.

When the smoke pouring forth

From the chimney goes north,

A mild day it will be;

A warm time we shall see;

The south wind is blowing

From the land where the orange
And fig trees are growing.

But if west goes the smoke,

Get your waterproof cloak

And umbrella about;

'Tis the east wind that's out,

A wet day you will find it;

The east wind has always

A storm close behind it.

It is east the smoke flies!

We make look for blue skies!

Soon the clouds will take flight,

'Twll be sunny and bright;

'Tis the sweetest and best wind

Is, surely, that fair weather

Brings, the west wind.

Fall River.

That Pie

should have a wholesomer,
tenderer crust that melts into
the filling so perfectly that
even the pieces are not
enough. You can make such
pastry with the specially
milled Ohio Red Winter
wheat flour that makes
everything better and goes
farther—the all-round flour
for bread, cake and pastry
known as



INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

Selection of These Should Be Gone Into Very Carefully.

By G. E. Conkey.

In the value of its total output, the poultry industry today is second to none in the world. And nothing has played so important a part in the development of poultry keeping from a simple occupation to a great industry as the incubator and brooder.

During the experimental years of artificial incubation, the results obtained were far from being satisfactory or even promising. However, today, there are a number of machines on the market that give excellent results, require but little attention and hatch a high percentage of the eggs entrusted to their care.

The rapid advancement that has taken place in the poultry business would have been quite impossible had the work been left to the old hen, for no poultry man can hope to succeed in building a large and profitable business by raising chickens in the old way. Artificial methods are absolutely necessary.

Many Incubators Good.

The perfect incubator is probably yet to be found, but there are a number that can be depended upon to hatch a reasonable percentage of strong chicks where good judgment is used in their handling. Remember, the incubator is not used because it is an improvement over the old hen, but because of its convenience and the possibility of hatching chicks when broody hens are not obtainable.

Based on the methods of heating, incubators can be divided into two classes, one being the hot water and the other the hot air. In one, the heat is imparted to the eggs by hot air coming directly from the lamp or gas heater; with the other, the air is heated by contact with a hot water tank or pipe located in the egg chamber above the eggs. Both of these methods have their strong supporters and admirers. Perhaps the large number of hot air machines in use has resulted chiefly because they require less attention, are less complicated, longer-lived, and, all things considered, somewhat cheaper. The divided opinion on the hot air and hot water types is likely to continue, as both have particular valuable features. However, a well built machine of either class, will do good work.

Sizes Vary.
In size, incubators vary from the individual or small machines, holding as low as fifty eggs, to the mammoth heater equipped with a central heating plant and heating by pipes. These large incubators hold as many as 20,000 eggs, and are used largely by hatcheries supplying day-old chicks.

Let the selection of your own incubator depend upon conditions you must meet. Go into the matter carefully, find out what results your neighbors secured and then use your own judgment after noting how the claims made by the manufacturers seem to fit into what you feel are the requirements of your own case. Be careful about buying too small an incubator, especially if you intend to increase your hatches the following year.

Follow Instruction.

After purchasing the incubator, don't inject any ideas of your own into its operation. Follow the instructions given by the manufacturer, for he, as well as you, is interested in successful results. Read the directions over several times, being sure that there is nothing you have overlooked, and then use good common sense in their application. Don't expect too much of the incubator, for it is merely an imitator of the old hen and 100 per cent hatches usually exist only on paper.

Brooder Necessary.
Hatching chicks is far less difficult than raising them, so that the question of brooding should have careful thought. As a rule, it is best for beginners to buy a good brooder, especially where their functions are not fully understood. In this way, you will be supplied with proper instructions and results depend considerably on attention to little details.

The brooder has kept pace with the incubator in variety of style and different methods. In making changes and improvements, there is always danger in the inexperienced person adopting them. Therefore, the same rules laid down for the selecting of an incubator will apply to brooder. Buy a brooder that has proven its merits.

Fireless Brooder Good.
Where chicks are raised in large numbers, a heated brooder house, with hoppers properly installed, is almost a necessity. In many poultry plants, you will find long houses similar to those used for laying hens equipped with a brooder or heating system and divided into small pens for the birds.

In raising chicks on a smaller scale, various methods of brooding are applied, including the use of an outdoor brooder, indoor brooder, hoppers of various types, the room brooder and the fireless brooder.

The fireless brooder has found considerable favor with the small poultry raisers in the last few years, perhaps

For Your Baby.

The Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

is the only guarantee

Baby.
re of
ters.
have the

**JOE
THE BOOK FARMER
MAKING GOOD
ON THE LAND**

By

GARRARD HARRIS

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BY HARPER & BROTHERS.

SYNOPSIS

Joe Weston, fourteen years old, decides to make a success of his father's run-down farm. He reads the latest scientific book on farming and becomes a merchant, agreeing to help him.

Joe's father is pessimistic. He smears at book learning and doesn't believe Mr. Somerville's strike with Joe's business ability and ambition, backs him in prize competitions.

Passeur on the road lingers to watch Joe operate. The sneers that were in evidence at first soon give way to looks of surprise. Joe is showing them something as a farmer.

Joe's father's pessimism gradually fades away. He watches Joe work. He sees him perform wonders with the soil. He adds, "I'm an enthusiast as Joe. His mother is a good woman."

Joe's corn is the wonder of the country-side. With money he received from a commission merchant for his product he starts a bank account, which he proudly exhibits to his father.

There is a constant demand for the corn Joe is raising. In the prize competition Joe makes 188 bushels on an acre at a cost of \$12.00.

It is announced that Joe Weston, the book farmer, won the first corn prize for his county. His father says, "Son, I'm powerful proud of you."

Joe is overwhelmed with joy at receipt of a telegram that he also has won state championships. With the money he pays off part of the farm's indebtedness. He also wins trip to White House.

Joe describes to his mother and sister his trip to the White House and his talk with the president. Then he goes back to the farm which now is the talk of the entire country-side.

Joe meets Tom Ralston, a boy of about his own age. Tom is from the north and is in quest of health. The Ralston boy's father is wealthy, and Joe and Tom become fast friends.

Tom Ralston's father takes a great liking to Joe and offers to back him and help him in every way. Joe finally accepts Mr. Ralston's offer of fifty loads of mazure.

Joe buys his mother a canning outfit. His mother and sister are enthusiastic at the prospect of helping in the general money making scheme, and they start work with a will.

"Aw, shucks," sezze, tryin' to show the crowd how smart he was, "what's the use o' that contraption? What's time to a settin' hen, anyhow?" I thought that crowd would bust their sides laughin'. Everybody used to call 'em Henry before that, but they got to callin' him "Settin' Hen" an' that's down to "Hen," an' that's been his name ever since."

CHAPTER XV.

Hear the Corn Grow.

SEASONABLE showers fell on the corn crop. Joe kept the soil stirred lightly with a hand rake so as to conserve the moisture and applied 200 pounds of nitrate of soda when the stalks were two-thirds grown.

That gave the crop a strong impetus, and tassels began to show above the dark green leaves, some of which were almost five inches across. A good soaking rain fell, followed by a cloudy day and a day's drizzle. That night it showered intermittently, and Joe and his father went down about dusk between showers. His father had told him he heard something rustling about the corn. The idea of a cow or a horse in there working havoc sent a cold chill down Joe's back.

The two stopped at the fence and listened in the dead stillness.

There was a cautious rustling, faint but plain. It was a sort of whispered noise that a person could sense more than he could hear.

"Hear that! That's it! Some o' them pesky crows in there!" excitedly urged Mr. Weston.

The sibilant rustle was heard again. In fact, it never seemed to stop. Occasionally there was a louder noise. Joe laughed.

"That's the first time I ever heard corn grow!" he said.

"Heard it grow? That's the first I ever heard of that sort of foolishness," snorted his father.

"That's what I said—heard it grow. That noise is just the unfolding of the leaves. The rain is furnishing plenty of moisture and the sap is rushing up, and the leaves are simply opening fast—tassels coming out, and all that."

"I'll believe mighty near anything my son says about corn, but blame my eyes if I go that far to say I heard corn grow!" said Mr. Weston, with much distrust in his tone.

"All right, then. What makes that rustling in there?" asked Joe.

"Pesky cat—ow—or jay birds roostin' in it, or—wind." He ran out of conjecture.

"You know it ain't possible for a cat to be in there because we been all round the fence; it's tight, and the gate is locked. Now, cut out the cat?" suggested Joe.

"Well, how about jay birds or wind, or varmints?" asked Mr. Weston hopefully. He was determined that it should not be unfolding corn leaves that he heard.

"Did you ever hear of jay birds roostin' in corn—honest, now?" insisted Joe.

"Well, don't know's I ever did."

"All right; jay birds and calves are out of the question. Do you feel any breeze to rustle the corn?"

"No—believe not," said Mr. Weston. He was being hemmed in and knew it. There never was a calmer night—not a breath of air stirring.

"Now the wind is out of the question too. Listen! Hear that?" They listened again.

"Sounds like the whisperin' in that big seashell when you hold it to your ear," said Mr. Weston.

"Ain't a thing in the world except the corn growing—leaves unfolding and rubbing against one another as they open—that makes that noise. So you can say that you've heard corn grow, even if you never saw it grow," suggested his son.

"Well, live an' learn!" his father responded.

"Hope to goodness we won't have a rain for about two or three weeks," said Joe. "That corn is fine, and if we have a nice, quiet, dry spell and no big wind the pollen will fall plentiful from the tassels to the silk, and the ears will be seeded plumb to the end, good fertile grains. Wet weather just at tasseling time is bad for corn. It is always better if the weather is dry and still."

"I've heard old farmers say that, but they didn't know the reason," said Mr. Weston.

"If there's much wet weather or wind about tasseling time the pollen from the tassels don't fall on the silk evenly. That is necessary to make a perfect grain. There's a strand of silk for each grain. Unless that strand gets pollinated on it, no grain. Rain and wind wash the pollen away before it gets on all the silk."

"What makes nubby corn?" inquired his father. Joe nodded.

If the weather had been ordered especially for the corn it could not have been any finer. It was exactly three weeks until a gentle, slow rain fell one night.

"Well, that's all right. Oat stubble turned under is a help, and you can get a good crop of pea vine hay and young oats. I expect that would be the best stand."

"I'll do that, then."

"Won't try truck next spring?" asked Tom.

"No, we'll be short handed, and it will be all Link an' me to do to keep the stock growin' fast an' get regular crops and such. I'll wait until Joe gets back."

"Say, I've been doing some studying too," said Tom Ralston as the three walked back toward the house from the corn plot. "Facts—subscribed to a good farm paper for me, and I've been reading it, and I found out about those oak leaves you've been putting on the land. Here's what it says." He pulled a clipping from his pocket.

"It's see," said Joe, taking the bit of paper and reading it aloud.

"When leaves are put on the land their chief value is from the humus they supply and not from the plant food they contain. One ton of oak leaves, according to Van Slyke, contains fifteen pounds of nitrogen, seven pounds of phosphoric acid and three pounds of potash. At current prices for plant foods those in a ton of oak leaves are worth about \$2.50."

"Well, I'm glad to know about it," said Mr. Weston.

"Me, too," said Joe. "I know in a general way that leaves had some fertilizing value—not very much. But my idea was mainly to get humus—decaying vegetable matter—in the land. I know it was no account without it, so I just went to piling leaves on."

"Even at thirty-five a ton fertilizing value," said Tom Ralston, "I will not cost that to put the leaves on, and there's the additional benefit to the land in humus which is more than that land is worth."

"Anybody would know his daddy was a manufacturer the way he figures!" said Mr. Weston admiringly.

"It's worth knowing," agreed Joe.

"Feed the hogs with it."

"Why, Joe," protested Tom Ralston, "you could sell any of this corn for seed corn at a fancy price just because it came off this acre. You're foolish not to."

"I'm going to gather it all separate," he explained to his father. "These few stalks showing the five ear tendons will have to be planted out by themselves next year and develop them up, same way with the four ears. May plant the two together. I'm not certain now, but I want to breed that corn up to five good ears to the stalk."

"What about this here three ear corn?" inquired Mr. Weston.

"First I want to get enough of it for you to plant here on the place; then the rest of it I will sell for seed."

"What about the balance, Joe?"

"Feed the hogs with it."

"Why, Joe," protested Tom Ralston, "you could sell any of this corn for seed corn at a fancy price just because it came off this acre. You're foolish not to."

"I think you ought to be willing to sell it for seed corn, Joe," said his father.

"It's fine, strong corn, better than any of this around here. It's bound to give good results, an' we'll help the farmers that want to get a good corn to plant."

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